DEFEATING THE CHAMPIONS.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR THE NEW-YORKS. THE PROVIDENCE CLUB BEATEN AT HOME-FEAT-

URES OF THE GAME. PROVIDENCE, June 15 .- The champions were PROVIDENCE, June 15.—The champions were again defeated by New-York this afternoon, principally through their loose fielding at critical points and their inability to hit Keefe when men were on the bases. The game was poorly played by both sides, but the visitors by lucky bunching of hits in the first and second innings, and sided by costly errors by Bassett, Radbourne and Gilligan, piled up four runs. After the fifth inning Radbourne settled down, and only one of the visitors saw the e settled down, and only one of the visitors saw the first bag. Providence lost several opportunities to the the score by lack of batting, especially in the ninth in ning, when Radford and Bines held third and second bags, and Carroll sent an easy grounder to Keefe, who three Radford out at the plate on his foolish attempt to run home. Hines took third and Carroll first on the out, but the latter was caught napplug. The attendance was 1,200. Following is the score:

New York. | r. | 16 | po | a. | e. | Providence. | r. | 16 | po | a | e. O'Reurke, c.f. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Bines, c.f. | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
Comor, 1 b. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Bines, c.f. | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
Comor, 1 b. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Carroll, 1 f. | 0 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
Ewing, 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
Ewing, 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 2 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 3 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 4 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 5 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 6 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 6 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 7 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 8 | 0 | 0 |
Ewing, 9 |
Ewing, 9 | 0 |
Ewi 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Ewing was retired in the fifth inning on account of a backings.

An exciting game was played at Washington Park, Brooklyn, yesierday, and had not the playing been so deliberate the contest would have been greatly enjoyed. The game was between the Cincinnati and Brooklyn clubs, and the former won by superior work at the bar. Terry's pitching was batted all over the field. The work of McCafery was excellent during the early part of the game, but he seemed to tire greatly toward the close, and his curves were batted freely. About 1.250 spectators were present, and the admirers of heavy batting were jubilant. The visiting players took the lead in the third inning and held it to the end. The home-run hits of Smith and Baidwin were loudly applaaded. Smith made some brilliant plays at short stop, and also a few bunglingerrors. Pincher, Jones, McPhee and Reilly led in the batting. The partial spectators on the free seats frequently hissed Umpire Walsh's decisions. The score was:

Total....... 11 16 27 2: 5 Total. 9 13 27 13 6 Runs curned—Cinciunati, 5: Brooklyn, 4. Base on balls—Cincinnati, 1: Brooklyn, 2. Bases on errors—Cincinnati, 3: Brooklyn, 2. Lett on bases—Cincinnati, 6: Brooklyn, 2. Lett on bases—Cincinnati, 6: Brooklyn, 6: Bro

The Cincinnati and Metropolitan nines play at the Polorounds to-day. The game scheduled to be played at oney Island next Sunday, between the Brooklyn and Louis clubs, will be played at Washington Park-day. e Jersey City and Newark clubs played in Newark, the former won after an interesting game. The

GAMES IN OTHER CITIES.

CHICAGO, June 15 .- The Chicago club won the seventh consecutive victory from the Detroit nine before a large crowd to-day. The visiting club started the game in a brilliant manner and held the lead up to fifth inuing, when they became demoralized and the home players sent seven men around the bases. The Chicagos won easily as follows:

Bosros, June 15 .- The seventh game between the

Boston and Philadelphia clubs resulted in the fourth victory for the home club. The fielding of the visiting players was not so good as usual. Davis pitched with affect for the home nine. The score by innings was as allows:

hits-Philadelphia, 6; Boston S. Errors Philadel Boston, 1. Pitchers-Ferguson and Davis. Umpire-

participated to day before a large crowd of spectators. The former won easily. A disgraceful scene occurred in estath inning. The crowd became highly indignant at impire Conneil and crowded around him. Conneil tood firm, however, and calling an officer had one of the crowd put off the grounds. The rest of the spectators fell back and the game was resumed. The score

Dase hits-Athletic. 10: Louisville. 11. Errors-Athletic, 5: ouisville. 6. Pitchers-Lovett and Hecker. Umpire-Mr. TRENTON, June 15 .- An exciting game was played here

to-day between the Trenton and Lancaster clubs. It required ten innings to decide the result, the visiting nine finally winning, as follows:

Norrolk, June 15.—The Nationals again defeated the

Norfolk club by 9 to 6.

The Buffalo-St. Louis League game was postponed on account of rain.

ENTRIES FOR THE SHEEPSHEAD BAY RACES. Two important stakes will be decided at Sheepshead Bay to-day, and there will be four other races. In the Tidal, one mile for three-year-olds, Tyrant and Joe Cotton will meet for the first time, and it is probable that the winner of the Kentucky Derby will be broads that the winner of the Withers and the Belmout trave faster than any horse Tyrant met at Jerome Park could. It is possible though not probable that Wanda will start for the Tidal. If she had run better last Saturday she would undoubtedly have appeared to-day, and even as it is Pierre Lorillard may conclude to test her again to see if any of her marvellous speed of last year remains. If she does start no one can tell what she may do. Fillies in June, as has been said countless times, are extremely uncertain quantities.
They may run well one day and go to plees the next. If
Wanda runs, possibly she may make it lively for Tyrant
and Joe Cotton. In her absence Tyrant; will probably
win, with Brookwood pressing Joe Cotton hard for second

In the Surf Stakes for two-year-olds, the Dwyers will start Buffalo as well as Portland, who failed miserably in the Foam Stakes last week. Pierre Lorillard will run Bayanac, who was unplaced in the Foam, and Dew Drop. Bayanac, who was unplaced in the Foam, and Dew Drop. Who beat Inspector B. easily on Saturday. Unless Port-land is a vastly improved colt since Thursday the finish will probably be between Dew Drop and George L. Lorillard's Electric, with the chances in favor of the

Hilarity and Heel-and-Toe ought to run well in the bandicap at one and three-eighths miles.
Following is a full list of entries:

FIRST RACE, PURSE \$500, % MILE. Age. Weight, Name. Age. Weight, 74 SECOND RACE, SURF STAKES, TWO-YEAR-OLDS, 58 MILE. Ventuator IRD BACE, TIDAL STAKES, THREE-YEAR-OLDS, 1 MILE. Name.

St. Augustine. King Alfonso.
Pardies. Alarm
Brookwood Billet
Co. Granadier. Gleneig
Tyrant. Great Tom.
Joe Cotton. King Alfonso. Weight. 118 118 118 118 118 118

POURTH RACE, HANDICAP. 13g MILES.
Age. Weight. Name. Age. Weight.
Arch. 4 111 Dedith. 5 100

8 106 Dech Roller 4 94

8 106 Dech Roller 9 94

106 5 104 Unrest 9 92

106 5 105 Tolu. 90

107 Tolu. 90

108 109 Tolu. 90

109 Tolu. 90 FIFTH RACE, WELTER WEIGHTS, 118 MILES. SIXTH RACE, SELLING BACK, 1 MILE.

full at the time. The crowd ran in terror over the ences and across the track to the field where m fat on the ground until the wind subsided. Hats, bookmakers' sheets and some money from the mutual stand preceded the crowd across the track. The first race, one mile and an eighth, was won by Favor, two lengths one mile and an eighth, was won by Favor, two lengths ahead of Katie Fletcher, John Davis third. Time, 1:58¹2. Second race, one mile and a stateenth, Whizgig won by two lengths, Taxzatherer second, a neck before Adventurer. Time, 1:52¹2. The third race, for two-year-oids, five furioners, was run in a heavy rain. Primero won by three lengths, King of Norfolk second. Jim Gray third. Time, 1:95. In the fourth race, Clay Pate won by fifteen lengths, Grismer, Father John and McCreary, Jr., finishing together as named. Time, 2:17. In the fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, Jim Douglass ran to the front in the first quarter and remained there, winning by three-quarters of a length, Belie-Pate second and Pat Dennis third. Time, 1:18.

BREAKING THE WESTERN BASEBALL LEAGUE. Indianapolis, Ind., June 15.-The directors of the Indianapolis Baseball Club to-day sold out bodily to the Detroit directors. The club will take the place of the Detroit nine in the National League, playing at Detroit, for a consideration of \$5,000. The dissolution of the Western League is rendered certain by this action, as only two clubs, Milwaukee and Kansas City, remain with it.

WHO WILL BE COLLECTOR. SPECIAL EFFORTS FOR THOMPSON.

HIS CHANCES NOT GOOD-OTHER CANDIDATES-THE

Assistant District-Attorney Fellows, who spent Sur day in Washington, was the forerunner of a number of other intimate friends of Hubert O. Thompson who have arranged to call on the President this week to urge the claims of the late County Democracy Boss for Collector of the Port. A report that he had withdrawn as a candidate in favor of William E. Smith was denied yesterday by one of his intimate friends. "Thompson will remain a candidate until the place is filled," said this gentleman. "He will not resign his claims in favor of any one. Will he be appointed ! I confess that I have not much hope of his success, though Sec-retary Whitney and Secretary Manning have both promised to do their best for him." The emphasis which this gentleman put on the word "promised" revealed a curious phase of the contest over this office.

When Manning and Whitney went into the Cabinet

Thompson believed that he was as certain of the office of Collector as though he had been appointed. They promised "to see him through," and Thompson was content to leave the matter in their hands. Some weeks ago he began to suspect that it would not be safe for him to trust himself entirely to Manning and Whitney, and he began at once to get his friends to call upon the President and urge his claims. He tried to get a unanimous "indorsement" by the County Democracy organization, but to his amazement he found that with no patronage at his disposal his quondan friends were descriting him. Mayor Grace was rapidly undermining his power and already had captured the organization, putting his friend Purroy in the executive chair. Thompson with his usual political sagacity acquiesced, but it is no longer a secret that Purroy and Grace have practical control of the County Democracy. They are both urging the President to appoint as Collector William A. Cole, a business man and a member of the Produce Exchange. How great their interest is in Mr. Cole is a matter of doubt, but there is no question that they do not want Thompson to be Collector, nor any other person who will use the Federal putronage to antagonize that of the municipal departments.

Smith M. Weed when last in the city expressed great of Collector as though he had been appointed. They

eral patronage to antagonize that of the minnerpaid departments.

Smith M. Weed when last in the sity expressed great confidence in the chances for Collector of his law partner, William E. Smith. While a member of the Legislature Mr. Smith was regarded as a sort of spokesman for Governor Cleveland on the floor of the Assembly, and frequently announced what the Governor would do with bills if they were not amended. That intimacy and Smith's services in the State Committee and the fact that the President was for some time after the Chicago Convention a guest at Mr. Weed's bouso, led many persons to think that Mr. Weed's candidate will win. But his lack of fitness for the place, and the Mugwump opposition, are counted as strongly against him.

President Simmons, of the Stock Exchange, is said to be the Tilden candidate and also the real choice of Mayor Grace. Mr. Simmons has a popular support which leads some of his friends to count certainly upon his success. However, Mr. Simmons himself has recommended the appointment of Joseph J. O'Donohne, who, according to one of the Fresident's clerks, has more letters on file in his behalf than any other candidate. Mr. O'Donohne has a nominal connection with Tammany Hall, and Mr. Simmons is also counted as belonging to that organization. Civil Service Commissioner Scheonmaker is regarded as a likely candidate. Ross McLaughlin, of Brooklyn, has no chance. He mas committed his organization irrevocably to the renomination of Governor Hill: smd that is regarded as evidence that he does not look for any office for himself from the President.

The appointment of Collector will be regarded by the Democratic politicians as foreshadowing searching of the Administration's intentions concerning the nomination for Governor. If William E. Smith or any other than a strictly business man is chosen it is thought that Governor Hill will be the loser. As matters now stand the nomination probably less between Hill and Flower, with the chances in favor of the former. Flower has a large rural f

for Hill.

"There is no doubt," said a well-known Democratic city official yesierday, "that the tendency now is to nominate for Governor a well-known, straight-out Democrat, without any regard to Mugwump or Civil Service Reform ideas. Unless the strong arm of the Administration is used to repress this growing feeling it will control the next State Convention. That is what makes Hill and Flower the lending candidates now. If the Administration should interfere I believe that their friends would combine and control the even

HOW ARE CUSTOMS OFFICIALS TO BE PAID? The lack of money for the payment of Cusom House employes in June is becoming quite a serious matter. Auditor Treichel, of the Custom House, said yesterday to a TRIBUNE reporter that he had just received a telegram from Secretary Manning ordering him to pay the laborers who work by the day. No answer had been received, however, to the Auditor's letter, asking for instructions in regard to the payment of the other employes. In this letter he had made special mention of several classes which, he thought, ought at all hazards to be promptly paid. Among these were the clerks whose terms expire on June 30, as the question might arise whether they would not have a claim on the Government for their salaries until the date of payment. Another class whose pay, Auditor Treichel thought, ought not to be withheld, comprised the night service watchmen, the merchant appraisers, and the storekeepers of bonded warehouses. The salaries of all these officials are paid to the Government by the steamship companies, the merchants and the warehouse proprietors, who employ them, and by the Government turned over to the simployes. The money for the salaries has already been paid in, and yet it cannot be disbursed because the order from the Treasury Department forthels all payments in June. The Auditor said that had sufficient money on hand to make some payments in the most urgent cases, but that he dared do nothing without authority from Washington. He expressed the belief, however, that some action would soon be taken. Among the possible ways of remedying the difficulty, he suggested that about \$150,000 which have been paid out for interest and costs in such cases, he seld, is not properly a part of the expense of collecting customs, and when the Government recovers interest and costs, they are not credited to the account. No half-monthly salaries will be paid this month. The payment of salaries in the middle of the month is not a right of employes, and in view of the present difficulties will be discontinued for the present. yesterday to a TRIBUNE reporter that he had just recived a telegram from Secretary Manning ordering him

OPENING A SUMMER HOME FOR THE POOR.

The annual opening of the summer home of the Church of the Hely Communion took place yesterday, and a new cottage was consecrated by the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet, rector of that church. This home, situated at Ashford Hill, N. Y., was given to the church in 1881 by Mrs. Mary Griffin, of Dresden, and consisted at that time of one large building surrounded by ninety acres of by Mrs. Mary Griffin, of Dresson, and Commence that time of one large building surrounded by ninety acres of land. Here the poor parishioners of Dr. Motter's church spend two weeks of the summer, breathing pure country air and gaining new health and strength, and only at an expense of \$2.60 each. Since the first opening of the home about 5,000 people have enjoyed its hospitality; and, as its dimensions have increased so that 150 people can be accommodated at a time, more persons will helped this summer than ever before. The institution, superintended by Miss K. K. Viele, is supported by voluntary contributions; and, although the expenses since its commencement have amounted to shout \$10,000, a handsome surplus still remains. The new cottage which was consecrated yesterday was the gift of Mrs. Charles W. Ogden and was erected in memory of her father atter whom it was named—Frazier Cottage. The home now consists of a main building, three cottages and a pretty little church, where services are held twice a week. After the consecration of the new building yesterday by Dr. Mottet, dianer was served. Among other guests and parishioners of the church present were the Rev. D. F. Warren and wife, he Rev. Prescott Evarts, a son of Senator Evarts; the Rev. Henry Chamberlaine, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. Kanger, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. Ranger, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. Sonn C. Atwater and the Misses Classo.

FUTURE OF THE BRIDGE.

Mayor Grace said yesterday that the veto of the Bridge bill by the Governor left matters precisely where they were before. The trustees would simply

CLASS DAY AT PRINCETON.

THE IVY PLANTED BY THE GRADUATES. PRESIDENT M'COSH ON COLLEGE GAMES-SHALL

PRINCETON BE CALLED A UNIVERSITY !

PRINCETON, N. J., June 15 .- The Class Day PRINCETON, N. J., June 15.— The class Lay exercises of the graduating class took place to-day. The weather was warm, but aside from that '85 could not have asked for a pleasanter day. The old town is now at its best. Throngs of visitors arrive on every train to enjoy the various amusements and exercises of com-mencement week. At 10:15 a. m. the class formed in line on the front campus and marched to the First Pres-byterian Church where they took their seats on each side of the platform which was decorated with palms and flowers. Clinton W. Bird, of New-York, master of cere-monies delivered the address of welcome in behalf of the class of '85. The class orator, Duncan Edwards, of New-York, then pronounced a remarkably fine oration. Frank S. Woodruff, of New-York, read the class poem. The assemblage then went York, result he class poem. The assemblage then went to the campus where several college songs were sung by the class, after which Charles F. McClumpha, of New-York, pronounced the try oration from the steps of Old North and each member of the class assisted in planting the ivy. This ivy has quite an eventful history. Wash-ington Irving out a slip from the ivy at Abbottsford, the home of Sir Walter Scott, and planted it at Sunnyside. The ivy of the class of '85 is a alip of the ivy from Sunny-The ivy of the class of '85 is a slip of the lvy from Sunny-side presented to a member of the class by a nlees of Washington Irving. A marble slab with the words "Ivy of 1855" apon it was inserted in the front wall of Old North College and within this slab a copper box containing among other things copies "The Princelou-ian," of the class of '86, "The Nassau Lit," of the class of '85; "The Bric-a-Brae," "The Nassau Herald," and all the invitations and programmes of commencement all the invitations and programmes of commencement week. The exercises of the afternoon are peculiar to Prince

ton. They take place around the old cannon which is planted muzzle downward in the quadrangle formed by Nassau Hall and East and West Colleges. The cannon is an old relie of the Revolution left here after the battle of Princeton. Around this old cannon for this special oc-casion there is a large wooden amphitheatre with a senting capacity of from 2,000 to 3,000. The cannon itself is painted black with the date of the class on it in gold. At 2 p. m. the class marched around the campus singing college songs and cheering each building in turn. At 2:30 they marched into the amphitheatre already filled with a large assemblage, a great part of whom where ladies. Mr. Bird then introduced Jonathan Sturges, of New York, who read selections from a remarkably fine class history containing all the successes and failures of the class since they entered college, with many incidents of a personal nature and escapades of individual members and of the class as a whole. A. Bradley Gaither, of Maryland, delivered the presentation oration, present-ing appopriate gifts to those members of the class who for eccentricities of various kinds, or for strange exploits have attained unenviable promistrange exploits have attained unenviable prominence. This oration was the feature of the day and
was marked by a kindly humor throughout. Edmund
whison, of New-Jersey, read the Prophecy. Clarence
W. Mclivaine, of Vermont, the censor of the class, made
his address. Chartes R. Knox, of New-Jersey, then delivered the president's address, the emblematic wreath
was broken, the good-bye pipe was smoked, the class
song was sing and the exercises were over. The music
of the class song was by L. V. Freat, of New-York, and
the words by Theodore Pushing, of Pennsylvania. The
report which Dr. McCosh made to the Board of Trustees
was given to the public this evening and has been
eagerly sought for. It was in substance as follows:
During the last year the college has been carrying

byterian Review, and willtake up Literary, Philosophic, Political, Historical, Educational and Artistic topics. The junior oratorical contest between representatives of the Wilg and Chosophic societies took place bere this evening. It was one of the best contests that has been held here for years. The following men represented the Whig Society: J. W. Harding, of Pennsylvania, "Romanism and the Republic"; M. M. Miller, "Puritanism in Literature"; C. R. Erdman, of New-York, "Hebrow Character"; William Jessup, of Pennsylvania, "Imagination in Life and Literature. The representatives of the Cilosophic Society were: William Rankin, of New-Jersew, "The Poetical Side of Modern Culture"; A. W. Durcii, of New-Jorsey, "Unrest in Recent Thought;" G. T. Eddy, of New-York, "The Social Chasm"; Wilson Fanand, of New-Jersey, "Democracy and Literature."

CLOSE OF THE CHARLIER INSTITUTE.

The thirtieth and last commencement of the Charler Institute took place last evening in the chapel, which was filled with the relatives and friends of the pupils. On the platform were scated the Rev. Drs. Howard Crowby, H. M. Field and D. S. Wilson, of the pupils. On the platform were scated the Rev. Drs. Howard Crowby, H. M. Field and D. S. Wilson, the professors and other guests. The exercises opened with an overture by the orchestra, and at 8 o'clock the pupils entered sharing. Professor Charder they made an address in which he bade his pupils faire well. At the close of his remarks he was presented with a heantiful vase by the nembers of the gradualing class. After the singing of "My Country 'its of Thee" by the pupils and the andience, the ministers mentioned made short addresses, and then came the distribution of medals and diplomas. Those who received the latter were Wencesiae Borda, James Harry Louisberry, Alberto Casimiro Fowler, Sidney Malbatt Hartshorns, George Frederick Schwarz and Hermann Adoph Unit. The distribution of prizes to honor pupils was as follows: First class: Wencesiae Borda, John Forg Twombly, G. F. Schwarz and A. C. Fowler; second class: Charles S. Lowther, Arthur C. Gwynne, Orlando Harriman, Edwin Bryant Walker, John Young Lavery, Frank Norris Hartshorne, Louis Nordinger; third class: A. Whittaker Hopper; fourth class: Henry J. Mayer, Richard Lavery, Henry M. Paddock, Segundo Alvarez; fifth class: Bockland Tyng ilomans, Robert R. Melen and Hiram M. Knapp; primary departness, Manfred Uhl, G. S. Sanger, Robert Booville, Herbort Boville, George Lowther, Jr., Edwin Bach, H. Crosman and Fraderick Farmily. The singing of the Doxology closed the exercises, after which Professor Charlier heid a reception in the parlora.

The school was established in 1855 and is situated in Fifty-infithest, opposite the Park. The professor retires on account of ill-health and age. As yet no purchaser has been found for the large school building, and the school in all probability will not be reopened in the fall.

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15 (Special).-The one hundred and twenty-ninth annual Commencement of the University of Pennsylvania, to confer degrees in arts, science, philosophy, law and medicine, was held at the Academy of Music this morning. The only degrees given to women were in the department of music, and the suc-cessful cambidates were Jane Miller Wilson and Mary Elizabet Davey. The honorary degree of Master of Aris was conferred on the Rev. Francis D. Hoskins, and the of Doctor of Divinity on the Rev. Charles F. B. Micl.

ST. JOHN'S DAY AT WILLIMANTIO. WILLIMANTIC, June 15 .- Invitations were

asned yesterday, by St. John's Commandary No. 11, Kinghts Templar, for the proposed claborate celebration of St. John's Day in Willimantie on June 24. Probably 300 persons will take part in the exercises, including the grand officers of the G and Commandery of Connecticut and invited guests from the eleven commanderies of the

THE COLLEGE AT WHICH GARFIELD STUDIED. Youngsrown, June 15 (Special) .- It has just been made known that Hiram College, at which Garfield was a student and subsequently its preshient, is to be moved from its present location to Warren.

ON THE RUTGERS CAMPUS.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 15 .- Class day AEW-Ditors Wick, A. J., Jane 15.—Chriss day on the College Campus. The usual orations and poems were delivered. The college giee club gave a concert last night in the Opera House, a large antience attending. The club was assisted by Mile. de Lussan, soprano, and Michael Bannan, violinist.

THE NORTHWESTERN WHEAT PROSPECT. MINNEAPOLIS, June 15 Reports have been ceived from over 800 places in Minnesota and Dakota, meerning every wheat-growing county of importance,

and from 300 places in Northern Wisconsin and Iowa. One-hundred-and-fifty-five reports say the condition now is good; 135 that it is better than last year at this time; as good; 133 that it is obtter that has year at this thin state of that it is 10 per cent better; 50 that it poor; 35, not as good as last year, and 20, from 10 to 15 per cent worse. The bad reports are all from the old counties, where the ground is weedy and where the wheat was sown late.

Chicago, June 15.—A dispatch to The Times, from

Wabash, Ind., says: The Hessian fly has made its appearance in the wheat fields of this county, and is said to be inflicting considerable damage.

NATIONAL CAPITAL TOPICS.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS. Washington, June 15 .- The President made

the following appointments to-day: John W. Twiggs, of California, to be assayer of the Mint at San Francisco; Thomas Reck, to be appraiser of merchandise of the District of San Francisco; Daniel Z.

Mint at San Francisco; Thomas Reck, to be appraiser of merchandiso of the District of San Francisco; Daniel Z. Yost, to be assistant appraiser of merchandise in the District of San Francisco.

Joseph Shafer, to be as assistant surgeon in the Navy, August H. Kuhlemeler, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the IVth District of Iowa.

The Controller of the Currency to-day appointed Benjamin S. W. Clark and Samuel H. Taylor to be National Bank Examiners, and has assigned the former to duty in Sew-York and the latter to duty in Indiana.

The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed O. J. Harvey, of Fennaylvania, and William S. Kaiser, of Indiana, to be chiefs of divisions in the Third Auditor's Office to fill vacancies caused by removals.

The President appointed the following postmasters:

C. E. Cameron, at Alia, Ia, vice W. P. Williams; Jacob J. Zeller, at Ottawa, vice T. D. Campbell, resigned; James R. Morris, at Danville, Ky., vice J. S. Lenneg, resigned; John B. Lombard, at South Framing-ham, Mass., vice Willard Home, resigned; James R. Howard, at Castile, N. Y., vice George H. Bush, commission expired; John H. Cochran, at Dallas, Tex., vice L. S. Garrison, auspended; Frank T. Forbes, at Frederickaburg, Va., vice Lawrence Tailactor; John Flan, at Decoral, Ia., vice A. K. Bailey, suspended; Valentine Ringle, at Wansan, Wis., vice Nobert H. Johnson, suspended; John Warner, at Feoria, H., vice W. Cockle, suspended; John Marner, at Feoria, H., vice W. Cockle, suspended; John Marner, at Feoria, H., vice W. Cockle, suspended; Oriand Humphrey, at Nyack, N. Y., vice S. L. Christe, suspended; Oriand Humphrey, at Nyack, N. Y., vice S. L. Christe, suspended; Christof Manphrey, at Nyack, N. Y., vice S. L. Christe, suspended.

The postmastors at Fredericksburg, Va., Decorah, Ia., Wausan, Wis., Pooria, H., Charlotte, N. C., Saiabury, N. C., Concord, N. H., and Dallas, Texas, weet suspended.

I. Christie, suspendent.

The postmasters at Fredericksburg, Va., Decorah, Ia., Wausau, Wis., Pooria, Iii., Charlotte, N. C., Salisbury, N. C., Concord, N. H., and Dallas, Texas, were suspended for partisanship upon proofs. The postmaster at Nyack, N. Y., was suspended because chargeable with knowleged of a frand perpetrated upon the Government while assistant postmaster.

The First Assistant-General to-day appointed Michael Tormey, postmaster at Cadyville, a fourth-class post office in New-York.

August 1. Kuhiemeler, appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the IVth District of lows, is a prominent business man of Burlington, and was recommended for the position by the Democratic Congressional delegation.

Thomas Beck, appointed appraiser of merchandles for the Idstrict of San Francisco, is fifty-two years of age; has been a realisent of California for thirty-two years, and is an architect by profession. He served one term as Secretary of State of California, and was a State Sensior for four years. He mas also been a member of the Board of State Prison Directors, commissioner of the capitol, and a member of the State Board of Commissioners. For the last four years be has been engaged in business in San Francisco. He was recemirended by both factions of the Democratic party in California.

Daniel Z. Vost, appointed assistant appraiser for the same district, is forty-six years of age. He has been the private secretary of Sensior Stanford, of California, for the past sixteen years.

John W. Twitzs, who was appointed assayer of the Mint at San Francisco, is about forty years of age, and is a son of General Twiggs, of Confederate Army fame. He is an assayer by profession, and has been a bank clerk in Nevada and California for many years.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Rear-Admiral Eng-lish, in a disputch to the Navy Department dated St. Paul River on May 2, to assume command of the South Atlantic Squairon. The general health of the officers and Francis, ordinary seaman, died on February 26. The Lancaster arrived off the month of the Congo on April only man-of-war in port. On April 30 Colonel Sir Francis de Winton, Administrator-General of the International Association of the Communicate and of the International Association of the Communicate and the International her with seventeen guns. A salute of twenty-one guns was extended to the flag of the association, the first salute by any Nation to that flag, and the honor was socially reserved for the Lancaster.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 15 .- A dispatch to The These Democrat from Abertleen, Miss., says: "E. O. Sykes, recently appointed Internal Revenue Collector for Mississippi, to succeed James Hill, to-day tendered

A GOLD-HEADED CANE FOR "SUNSEY" COX. WASHINGTON, June 15 .- The letter-carriers of this city to-night presented to S. S. Cox, United States Minister to Turkey, a gold-headed cause in appreciation of the efforts of Mr. (ox while in Congress to secure legislation in their behalf.

Washington, Monday, June 15, 1885. THE UNITED STATES STRANGE ONAHA.—The United MAIL FROM GREENLAND. -The vice-consul at Copen-

COMPRIMED TO TAKE A PRINCE.

Column summoned to his office this morning the entire
force of the Statistical Bureau of the Agricultural De-partment, numbering twenty-one-persons, of both sexes,
and announced that there would remain no money to
pay their salaries after June 20. They were all furloughed without pay from that date until July 1. FISH FROM CANADIAN WATERS. -Judge McCue, solicitor

of the Treasury, has given an epinion to Secretary Manning that shadines or harrings catight in Canadian waters by American fishermen, in boats of less than five tops burden, can be admitted to the United States free of duty. A question as to whether these fish were duitable under the general laws of the country gross from the fact that the Washington reciprocity treaty of 1871 will expire on July 1. EXPORTS OF CATTLE, HOGS AND BERF.—The chief of

Expones of Carria, 1963 AS BERK.—Las case the Bureau of Statistics reports the total values of the exports from the United States of domestic cattle, hogs, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1885,

THE OUTLOOK IN OHIO.

WHAT OHIO POLITICIANS WHO ARE ON RASTERN THIPS SAY OF IT.

There have been a number of Ohioans here within a day or two, including prominent politicians of both parties, among whom there has been considerable comment over the nomination of Judge Foraker for Governor and the prospective Democratic action. Congressman William McKinley, who came here direct from Springfield on his way to Boston, where his wife is undergoing medical treatment, described the convention as the largest, finest, most harmonious and most enthusiastle ever held by the Republicans of that State. The nominations he considers the best that could have been made. J. A. Long, of the Akron Iron Company, who was

formerly a member of the Ohio Republican Committee, says that the party could elect a yellow dog for Governor this year, so thoroughly disorganized are the Democrats. It is his opinion, as well as Major McKinley's, that Governor Hoadly will be forced to accept a renom-Ex-Congressman D. R. Paige, chalrman of the Demo

eratic State Committee of Ohio, predicts that Hondly will be renominated and that he will defeat Foraker will be renominated and that he will defeat Foraker as he did two years ago, Colonel Isaac Reilly, of New-ark, who belongs to the Thursan Isation, says that he helieves Hoadily can carry the State again. Among the bits of gossip about Ohio there is one to the effect that Governor Hoadily's reluctance to run for Governor Is because of his Senatorial aspirations. If he should run for Governor he fears, that he would be obliged to make a bargain with Mel.can, who wants the Senatorship in the event of Democratic victory, or clas suffer defeat. Two years ago The Enquirer, Mr. Mel.can's paper, pursued him malignantly until within two weeks of election, when piologes were made to satisfy Mr. Mcl.can and he turned in to work fer Mr. Hoadily. If he is not a candidate for Governor Mr. Hoadily would be in position, as the present insumbent of that office, to work for the Senatorahip to greater advantage. WHY RUGO SLIGHTED THE CHEESE.

WHY HUGO SLIGHTED THE CHEESE.

Max Orders Letter to The Balamere Avardem.

Jenane Hingo, the granddaughter and the idealing the alphabet, her mather, thinking to sharpen her energies, told her one day that until she had learned the first twelve letters she would have no dessert. The first timing the child fill was to pour out her treatises to grandpapa, ever ready to listen, but on this occasion powerless to interfere. However, to lighten the privation of his little darling, he proposed to her that they should suffer together—he would touch nodesserts olong as she had to abstain. Jeanne approved the arrangement. For many days Veltor Hugo persistently refused dessert, alleging various reasons for not partaking of it. But one evening, Jeanne having gone to bed before diner, a certain kind of cheese, of which he was particularly fond, was placed upon the table. The savory odor assailed his nestfils, and Hugo had almost broken his engagement, when he suddenly remembered the solemn promise made to the child, and cheeked himself, much to the annazement of his daughter-in-law, Jeanne's mother. That lady, suspecting something my sterious, appealed te him te tell her the meaning of his strange behavior. Seeing there was no help for it, Vettor Hugo very meekly cast down his eyes and made a clean breast of it.

KILLING HIMSELF BECAUSE OF DEBT.
HARRISBURG, Va., June 15.—Samuel Lautz, of Lautz-ville, Shenandoah County, committed suicide yesterday by taking poison. He was in debt.

REPORTING ON MORE BILLS. GOVERNOR HILL ON RAPID TRANSIT.

LONG ISLAND CITY AND NON-RESIDENTS-BILLS LEFT UNSIGNED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, June 15 .- The Governor at noon ALBANY, June 19.—The Governor at hoon to-day filed with the Secretary of State five bills that he signed late on Saturday night. One of these measures incorporates the Citizens' Loan and Trust Company, another increases the salaries of the surgeons and doormen of the New-York Police, a third provides for the protection of fish in Chautauqua Lake, a fourth prohibits the hunting of wild deer with dogs, and the fifth authorizes the Controller of New-York to give \$50,000 to

Charles T. Harvey to make experiments with a patent cable elevated raffroad in New-York. t The Governor has signed in all 557 bills, and has left unsigned 56 bills. The chief of the bills left unsigned is that which permitted the Metropolitan Transit Company to run an elevated railroad up Broadway from Chambers-st. to Forty second-st. and thence to the Grand Central Depot. The Governor also left unsigned General Curtis's important bills intended to protect the State in its printing contracts and lessening the volume of bulky State reports. He also did not approve of a bill to in-crease the number of notaries public, the bill authorizing

the Fire Commissioners of New-York to appoint a Deputy Inspector of Buildings, and the bill prohibiting the sale of eigarettes to minors.

The new law regarding deer forbids the hunting of wild deer with dogs, except in the county of Suffolk, where it is made lawful to hunt with dogs the first ten days of October each year.

The new law increasing the salaries of surgeons and doormen of the Police Department of New-York provides that the salaries of the surgeons shall be \$2,250 and of doormen \$1,000.

With Senate bill No. 364, entitled "An act to an chapter 855 of the Laws of 1868, entitled, An act sup plementary to chapter 489 of the Laws of 1867, to provide for the collection and application of revenue in the County of New-York in certain cases"; which was ap-

vide for the collection and application of revenue in the County of New-York in certain cases"; which was approved, the Governor said:

It seems that Charles T. Harvey many years since, if not the originator of the method which seemed to solve the long-mooted and important question of rapid transit, at least perfected a plan that was afterward of great utility, and in a large measure assisted in giving the present rapid transit facilities to the City of New-York. The moneys directed to be disbursed under this bill belong to a special fund accumulated by payments made by the elevated railroads in that efty in pursuance of the original acts authorizing their construction, by which acts the use of the said fund was limited to certain purposes, mainly to repairing streets and roadways which it was then thought would be seriously injured by reason of the construction and operation of such railroads. During the years in which they have been operated I am informed that it has not been found necessary to expend a dollar of this fund for the purpose contemplated, and it seems probable that none of it will be, to any extent, needed therefor. The purpose of this bill is to provide means whereby Mr. Harvey can further develop plans for rapid transit, which it is claimed, he has already brought to greater perfection, and approval is urged for that reason and further as a matter of justice to one who has been so largely instrumental ingiving to that city its present system. It seems to me that there is great force in these reasons, and the language of ex-Governor Seymour clearly states the proposition when he says:

The city has had almost exclusively the benefit of elevated roads." The legislative reports and the laws show that Mr. Harvey was encouraged to perseverance in this effort to improve that system of transit. I think no one has read these papers without feeling that the honor of the State demands that compensation be made to Mr. Harvey. It is universally admitted that increased facilities for rapid transit are impe

assessments, water rates and rents in Long Island City, and to confirm, levy and collect the same and to insure a more efficient collection of the same in the future,"

This with great regret that I feel compelled to with-loid my approval from this bill. I accept the statement folliefuls of Long Island City that there is much neces-ity for some legislation concerning the collection of axes and assessments in that city and any proper piti-tic features, designed a commity from It would seem as though it was the neight of the have impaired the final success of a measure containing so many good and desirable features by insisting upon the retention of a clearly offensive provision. So important a bill as this should have been passed earlier in the session.

There are on the Governor's hands fifty-air bills not

many good and dearlable relatives of measure provision. So important a bill as clearly oftensive provision. So important a bill as clearly oftensive provision, as follows:

Amending section S72 of the Criminal code relative to certificates of convision, printing the reports of State institutions, etc., amending the act relative to the election of school district officers; authorizing the Trustees of Silver Creek to stratgaten Wainut Creek; providing for an additional number of notaries public, etc.; amending the act authorizing willages to windeaune waters; annually continuing the Trustees of Silver Creek to stratgaten Wainut Creek; providing for an additional number of notaries public, etc.; amending the act authorizing willing to the Twenty-third Wards of Statutes relative to the support of routers; amending the Civil Code relative to the publication of the session laws in two newspapers in each county; relative to the compensation of overseers of the poor; amending the act providing for the publication of the session laws in two newspapers in each county; relative to the compensation of overseers of the poor; amending the act theory and in Montesislons of Superintendents of the Hoory and in Montesislons of Superintendents of the Hoory and in Montesislons of Superintendents of the Hoory and the Civil Code amending the act relative to appeal and section 5 of the commissioners of the support of the commissioners of the support of the commissioners of the support of the commissioners of the support of the commissioners of the support of the commissioners of the code of the commissioners of the commissioners of the support of the code o

CRIPPLING THE BOARD OF HEALTH. ALBANY, June 15 (Special) .- The State Board of Health is seriously crippled by Governor Hill's veto of the item of \$15,000 in the Supply bill for the use of the Board. The members of the Board intended to employ the money in inspecting nuisances in various parts

of the State with a special view of preparing for Autalianchelera. It was hoped to have the State in a cleanly condition before the arrival of the choicea. Now the work of inspection must stop. In view of the ravages of the choicea in Spain and the netion of

ravages of the cholera in Spain and the notion of the Governor, the Board held a special meeting to-day be consider the situation. James T. Gardiner, the Director of the State Survey, resigned his position owing to the Governor's veto. It was decided that the board must limit its work to the mere registration of such does ments as came to it from the local boards. The regular appropriations of \$20,000 harely suffices to defrast the expenses.

Dr. Carroll after the meeting said: "Our entire appropriation is \$20,000. The cost of registration takes up nearly the entire amount. There are at least 10,000 death certificates a month and the utmost one man cas register is 2,000 in that time. We are now running bained. To provide against disease we have got to reput upon the operations of local boards. In most instances these boards lack skilled knowledge. Appeals come is the second of the control of the special inspectors to respond to the applications received daily."

SAMPLE OF HIGH-TONED CHRISTIAN CHIVALRY DISPLAYED TOWARD VISITORS FROM THE NORTH, To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: For the benefit of any TRIBUNE readers who may still cling to the fond foncy that this is a "free country," that its Constitution is respected, and that its citizens are protected in accordance with the declars tions of that Constitution, allow me to marrate an experience that within the last fortnight has befallen some

Mr. Thomas J. Morrow, of the Morrow She Mr. Thomas J. Morrow, of the Morrow Shoe Mans-facturing Company, whose factory is at Nyack, N. Y., and whose salesrooms are at 41 and 43 Warrenest, this city, and his wife, Abbie Clemens Morrow, daughter of the Rev. Nathan Tibuals, of the publishing house of Tibbals & Sons, Nassau-st., are well-known Brooklyn people, Mrs. Morrow being a religious writer and speaker of some prominence and one of the assistant editors of The Christian Adocate, and both having been long and prominently identified with the Hanson Place Methodise Episcopal Church of that city. During the past fall and winter Mr. Morrow suffered from a pratracted and severe illness, and early in May he started with his wife for a long tour in the South and West. From Nashville, where she engaged in some revival work, Mrs. Morrow wrote home glowing accounts of the "dear Southern people's hospitality and kindness." Since then she has had some reason to change her opinion of the Christian graces that prevail in the South.

Journeying from Tennessee to New-Orleans, through

Alabama, Mr. and Mrs. Morrow had among their traveiling companions a clergyman and his wife who were leaving a pastorate in Illinois to fill one in Louisiana. These people, being colored, had not only provided themselves for their journey with first-class tickets, but with a letter from the ticket agent of the railroad emphatically stat-ing that they were entitled to all the privileges of first class ticket-holders. All went well until the train arrived at Montgomery, Ala., where a new conductor chose to differ in opinion with his official prodecessors. He immediately ordered the clergyman and his wife into the smoking car, refusing to pay any attention to the tickets or letter that the former produced, and vigorously blanking every suggestion that "niggers" were entitled to ride anywhere but where he declared they should go, Unwilling to have his wife subjected to such discomfort und indignity, the clergyman appealed to such discomfort and indignity, the clergyman appealed to Mr. Morrow to sustain him in his maintenance of his moral and legal rights. Upon this, Mr. Morrow, who is a most lovable, following the conductor, asserting that it was illegal to deprive people of privileges for which they had paid, and to which they were clearly entitled; and reminded the official that in accordance with the Constitution of the United States all its clizens were entitled to equal rights. The conductor resented this declaration with unbounded rage, assailing Mr. Morrow with all the opprobrious and proface language he could command. He then left the carbut shortly returned, accompanied by a band of rufflans, armed with knives and revolvers, while one of their number held a bowie knife against Mr. Morrow's breast, with the threat that he would "cut out" that gentleman's blanked heart." The agony endared meanwhile by Mr. Morrow's wife can neither be adequately described nor imagined by people who have never come in contact with the boid and organized law-lessness and terrorism that prevail at the South. Finally, however, when the conductor had assured Mr. Morrow secured a room at the Battle House. Shortly after, while passing through the hotel corridor, Mr. Morrow was suddenly attacked from behind, thrownlupon the floor, kieled and saverely beaten about the head. His assailant was the conductor whose ire he had aroused by quoting the Foderal Constitution. When the man and completed his assails he confir informat. and indignity, the elergyman appealed to Mr. Morrow Morrow that he expected to be fined \$2.50 for what he had done, "but," he asserted, with unblashing betrayal of Southern legal proceedure in such cases. "when I pay the fine it will be immediately handed back to me." Though severely injured, Mr. Morrow persevered in getting his assailant arrested. The fine amounced was \$25. Whether it was ever actually paid is a matter of surnise. As for the outrages upon the train, there was not even the fiction of redress attainable for them.

This is only one of a thousand records which should

even the faction of redress attainable for them.

This is only one of a thousand records which should impel every Republican Judas to go out and hang himself. Upon every traitor to the interests of humanity, justice, and constitutional government who last fail east his vote to turn the Government over to the hands of the party of whose political principles and methods that conductor is an exact exponent, there rests the strain of every drop of innocent and loyal blood shed by his lawless, adopted political brotherhood!

S. R. K. Nese-Fork, June 6, 1885. ngs against alon of the a sufficient Polled in trying to jump from the Bridge. An unsuccessful attempt at suicide by jumping from the Bridge was made last evening by Parket F. Daly, age thirty-six, of No. 345 Seventh-st., Jersey City, a cornet player. He was discovered about 6 o'clock on the south roadway, near the centre of the river span, to which he had gained access by crossing the supports over the railroad track and climbing down.

Policeman Kenuy saw him just as he was about climb Policeman Kenny saw him just as he was about cilimbing up the truss on the outside of the roadway. Kenny shouted to the driver of a truck who was on his way to Brooklyn, and he ran and caught Daly before he could take the fatal leap. He was taken charge of by the policeman and conducted to the Bridge Police Station. He refused to say why he was seeking to kill himself. He was neatly dressed and wore a slik hat. His wife and three children live in Jersey City. The prisoner was locked up in the York Street Police Station.

OLD MAIDS DRIVE HIM TO DRINK. William Davenport confronted Justice Duffy

again in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday.

He was accused of drunkenness. "Why did you get drunk," asked the Justice.
"Your Honor, because the house where I live is filled with old maids."

with old maids."

"Five dollars, William."

The face was paid. Davenport is a tall, finely-formed man who has recently attracted the attention of the police by his numerous eccentricities. About three weeks ago he was arrested for putting cigar smoke lute a paper bag which contained a canary bird. At another time he carried around a small dog which he occasionally dangled from the end of a cord attached to his case. He lives at No. 18 Washington-place, and at one time was well and favorably known as an artist and designer of no mean merit. He has appeared at the bar of the Jefferson Market Police Court four times in the last four weeks.

CUBAN CIGARMAKERS ON STRIKE

weeks.

The 250 Cuban cigarmakers employed by Lozano, Peudas & Co., at No. 209 Pearl-st., went on strike yesterday against a reduction in wages of \$2 for 1,000 clgars. For some time there has been more or less trouble in the Havana cigar trade. A number of the smaller manufacturers have been permitted by El Grembo de Tabacqueros, the union of the Cuban cigar-makers, to pay less than the regular scale of wages. Lozano, Peudas & Co. decided that the state of trade did not permit them to pay higher wages than their competitors, and they informed their men that they must submit to a reduction. The men declined to accept the lower rate, and gathered in little groups in Pearl-st, discussing the strike, and while they were not at all boisterous Police Captain Cafrey stationed a policeman in frent of the factory to guard against disorder. Lozano, Peudas & Co., at No. 209 Pearl-st., went on strike

WHY THE CHINESE NEED A BAPTIST MINISTER. The Rev. J. McKinney, of Elizabeth, N. J., read to the Baptist ministers, at their weekly meeting vesterday, a review of Professor Drummond's "Natural Law in the Spiritual World." The Rev. Dr. Hartwell, of San Francisco, gave a five minutes' account of the mission work among the Calmese in California, most of the chartens, he said, having large missions there.

"I meve that our San Francisco brother be given five minutes more," said one of the ministers, "to toil us what the Chinese need from our church."

"The Chinese," replied Dr. Hartwell, "have crooked hearts and what we want is a Chinese Baptist minister who can look down into their crooked hearts and strengthen them." The Rev. J. McKinney, of Elizabeth, N. J.,

SHARP'S REIGN OF DISORDER NEARLY OVER

Three men standing on the sidewalk at Three men standing on the sidewalk as Broadway and Liberty-st. were splashed from head to foot yesterday by mud from Jacob Sharp's railroad. Water enough had been deposited on the sanded pavement to make puddles of mud from three to six inches deep. Contractor Wharten says that his work has been put back three days by the New-York Steam Company consequently the road will not be finished until the end of the week. The pavement in Unioa Square from Fonteenth to Fifteenth-st. was torn up yesterday and the laying of the connections between the Broadway Surface road and the Broadway and Seventh Avenue line was begun.

CARE IN THE USE OF CROTON WATER. The Aldermen's Committee on Public Works yesterday reported an ordinance prohibiting the use of hose, pipe, or other water leaders for washing sidewalks, areas, stoops, windows, street fronts, coaches, omnibuses, railway cars, other vehicles and horses, or to throw a jet of water on the carriage-way. Water used for these purposes must be furnished in pails or other vessels. The penalty is \$5 for each offence and the cutting off of water from the premises from which the apply is furnished. The matter was referred to the Committee on Law.